1. Introduction

A Centre of Excellence is a formalized and documented relationship between Education and Research, the educational institution and the third party. All parties involved in the Centre of Excellence will bring to the partnership a special expertise of strategic importance to transport. A Centre of Excellence can represent either a physical place on the campus of an educational institution. In our case the main topics are defined in the area of intelligent transport systems (ITS) in road and urban transport. In the Centre of Excellence students, transport providers, research workers and scientists will be able to find a selection of ITS-solutions that ease and facilitate our daily lives. Intelligent transportation system has become essential instrument to increase safety and security on the road network, streamline logistics and reduce environmental effects caused by transport. For the educational institution it is very important to create an excellent workplace for R&D systems and intelligent transport services provided as basic infrastructure development companies using technology knowledge.

2. The Centre of Excellence at the Department of Road and Urban Transport

The strategic objective of the Centre of Excellence is in line with the main objective of the call OPVaV-2008/2.1/01-SORO “Operational Research and Development Program – Support networks of excellent research and development departments as pillars of regional development and promotion of regional cooperation”. With a focus on technology, industry, or community, the Centre of Excellence will draw upon the expertise of the partners involved to showcase groundbreaking activities and to promote transport technologies. Intelligent transport is an interdisciplinary problem. Creating the Centre of Excellence is intended to integrate research and teaching staff. The aim is to promote research of high additional value. Some institutes carry out research with end users who will ultimately benefit from its application. This is our interest as well. It can result in the higher level of collaboration between university researchers, graduate students, industry and public sector institutions.

Our research and development program and innovation will help to:
- Clarify innovation plans and medium-term challenges.
- Assemble partners and resources to develop solutions.
- Build collaborative R&D teams to develop technology.
- Access early-stage commercialization support.
- Engage students as future employees to build higher level organization.

The Centre can act as a bridge between transport research, transport companies and regional transport boards to conduct transport studies. It can develop a new model for commercializing university research as well. Put simply, the Centre can help transport companies, councils and their partners to deliver better services by supporting them in their efforts to become more efficient, innovative and engaged with citizens. We develop the team – partners and resources – required to deliver innovative solutions. The Centre is able to offer a wealth of expertise and experience.

The Centre offers:
- Access to research capabilities including facilities, equipment, personnel and experienced research teams.

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• Creative students trained in leading-edge knowledge and technology areas.
• Opportunities to participate in a broad range of research initiatives including consortia and collaborative projects.
• Extensive intellectual property and project-management expertise.

3. Laboratory of Transport Service

The strategic objective of the project is to create an excellent laboratory for intelligent transport services as a precondition for infrastructure development companies using technology knowledge.

Movement and its quality is one of the key elements for assessing the standard of living. At the beginning of the 21st. century, our society can not avoid the trends of development in information society, which has a large impact on the transport process. Almost each step of life of our citizens depends on the quality of this service.

It is now necessary to:
- improve road safety and protection of all its users,
- avoid creating congestion,
- reduce the degradation of public transport
- reduce the negative impact on the environment,
- ensure that citizens of the Slovak Republic have access to safe and affordable transport.

The use of new technologies is an essential prerequisite for the introduction of advanced applications to address current traffic problems. Intelligent transport systems are sophisticated multimodal tools that integrate advanced technologies and apply them in transport in order to develop solutions to improve the quality of life for all citizens of Slovakia. The applications help to improve living conditions of the inhabitants, increase time and finance savings in the economic activities of the company, and improve the environment.

The main objectives of transport telematics are to offer to traffic users intelligent services, which must be considered at several levels:
- Services to passengers and drivers (users) – information presented to drivers via information systems on motorways, information sent to drivers to their cars (dynamic navigation), etc.
- Services for infrastructure administrators (administrators of transport roads, administrators terminals) – management of transport infrastructure maintenance, monitoring and management of traffic safety in relation to the economics of traffic routes, etc.
- Services for transport operators (carriers) – selection of traffic routes and most expedient routes, management of vehicle fleet circulation, etc.
- Services for public administration – linking the systems of transport telematics to information systems of public administration, monitoring an assessment of passenger and freight transport, solution of transport infrastructure finance, instruments for execution of transport policy of cities, regions, state.
- Services for security and rescue system – interconnection of the systems of transport telematics with integrated rescue system and security systems of the state, provision of better organization of interventions in liquidation of failures, accidents, enhancement of prevention from occurrence of incidents with ecological consequences.
- Services for financial and control institutions – electronic identification of vehicles and freights, monitoring of and search for stolen vehicles, electronic payments for provided ITS services.

A result of the conceptual interconnection of particular sub-systems of transport telematics is the information superstructure over transport, enabling to implement the same management tools for this network sector, like it is today with the management of manufacturing enterprises (monitoring of costs, establishment of separate economic units etc.)

Knowledge of economic processes related to transport will enable execution of the state transport policy and offer a purposeful investment strategy in this branch. This concept of transport telematics can offer clear, controllable and transparent rules for entry of private investors in transport infrastructure (including the own funds of transport telematics).

The basic technologies of transport telematic systems include the following fields, for example:
- Electronic payments – payment for ITS services, for use of infrastructure, means of transport.
- Management of security and rescue measures – management of rescue and security vehicles, monitoring of dangerous freights.
- Management of traffic processes – traffic planning, traffic management, management of transport infrastructure maintenance.
- Management of public passenger transport – integrated transport systems, state administration.
- etc.

Research on intelligent infrastructure systems is linked very closely; every part of it is interactive and conditional. To enable the project to be realized, we need not just the sufficient scientific and research capacities in human resources, but also the instrumentation appropriate to those of current global requirements for research in abovementioned area.

Procured instrumentation will be used to monitor some of the factors that will determine and affect the functioning of intelligent infrastructure systems. By the implementation of this activity, a department of research and development services will achieve the construction place in the area of intelligent infrastructure. The department receives additional opportunities for collaboration or integration into the research grant programs.

4. Laboratory of Mass Passenger Transport Control

The current status of Mass Passenger Transport (MPT) and in general Public Transport (PT) is characterized by decreasing level of ridership. The MPT has to face problems with the moving of
passengers to the individual car transport. A big challenge for MPT consists in the process of implementation of new technologies which can help in the field of operation, management and service. Then the results can be applicable in order to improve the quality of provided service, better operational and management control, etc. The main advantage of the Laboratory of Mass Passenger Transport Control consists in the development of technological environment that can substitute real conditions in order to test, implement and develop various applications and methods for making the service and operation of public transport easier and more qualitative.

The goal is to equip the laboratory with modern technologies allowing the development of rich and useful applications in the field of public transport. At the present time the laboratory has a technology which is focused on passenger and vehicle fare information data and ticket processing.

Therefore, the laboratory will deal with the following research topics:

**Fleet management control**
This research topic deals with the area of fleet management control where various applications will be tested. This topic includes:
- Effective, consistent real time traffic management service delivery.
- Safe and secure public transport facilities.
- Timely and effective public transport vehicle operations continuity.
- Efficient centre management service delivery.
- Modelling the operation of vehicles.
- Vehicle tracking.
- Vehicle route optimization.
- Analyzing the impact of various traffic conditions, etc.

This topic has a big potential to be an interesting tools for public transport operators. For example, the applications analyze GPS data streams in real time to help fleet managers identify high risk driving behaviour and lower fleet operating costs resulting from excessive speeding. The applications can track and monitor the position and operation of fleet vehicles, giving fleet managers unprecedented visibility into operations delivering cost-saving efficiencies such as real-time GPS tracking of vehicles from the desktop, automatic route optimization, and detailed reporting for advanced decision support and efficient regulatory compliance.

With this application, the dispatchers and managers can view real-time information and summary of data in centre displays to support rapid, optimal decision making for most productive use of vehicles and drivers. These dashboards can drill down and include information customized to the needs of individual users.

**Passenger’s information system**
The information in public transport is an essential for passengers to the individual car transport. The common standard of static bus top information doesn’t meet the requirements for actual and real time information in the technological highly depended society. One goal of our laboratory will be to test the new form of the information providing regard-
• analysis of load damages rising from insufficient packaging and load securing.

Quality and safety of transport service
Measurements, monitoring and evaluation of basic transport parameters during the carriage and storage in warehouses and logistic centres is covered by these activities in accordance with ATP agreement, laws and regulations and customer requirements. Following equipment will perform these activities:
• 3-axes acceleration sensor,
• 1-axis acceleration sensor,
• temperature sensor,
• pressure sensor,
• humidity sensor,
• tilt and roll sensor,
• position sensor (GPS),
• remote on-line communication with monitoring device.

Testing of control recording equipment (tachographs) and information technology in transport
The laboratory will test recording equipment and assess their compliance with legislation. The laboratory will further evaluate the possibility of using tachographs recorded data for management and monitoring of road transport and improve safety and transport services. In practice, we encounter the fact that not all possibilities of digital tachographs are actually used for fleet management. However, digital tachographs recorded in real time large amounts of information [20].

The aim of the laboratory would also be evaluation of information technology used in road transport. On the market there are a number of information technology and software which do not provide appropriate information for management of road transport. The laboratory will process the requests for upgrading the analyzed technology to the most streamline operation in transport services.

6. Conclusion
It must be appreciated that the EU Structural Funds will be available for building excellent laboratories. The laboratories will be very useful not only for research and development activities but also for raising the level of knowledge and practice of students of all university degrees in transport control and transport services.
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